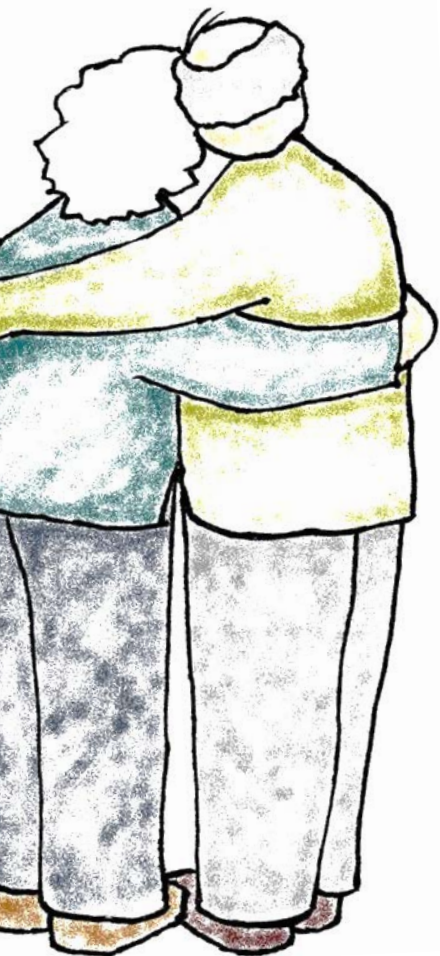


The 3rd ASEAN-Japan Active Ageing Regional Conference

“Targets and Indicators for Active Ageing”

*Manila, Philippines
June 26-27, 2017*





CURRENT AND FUTURE CHALLENGES IN THE PHILIPPINES

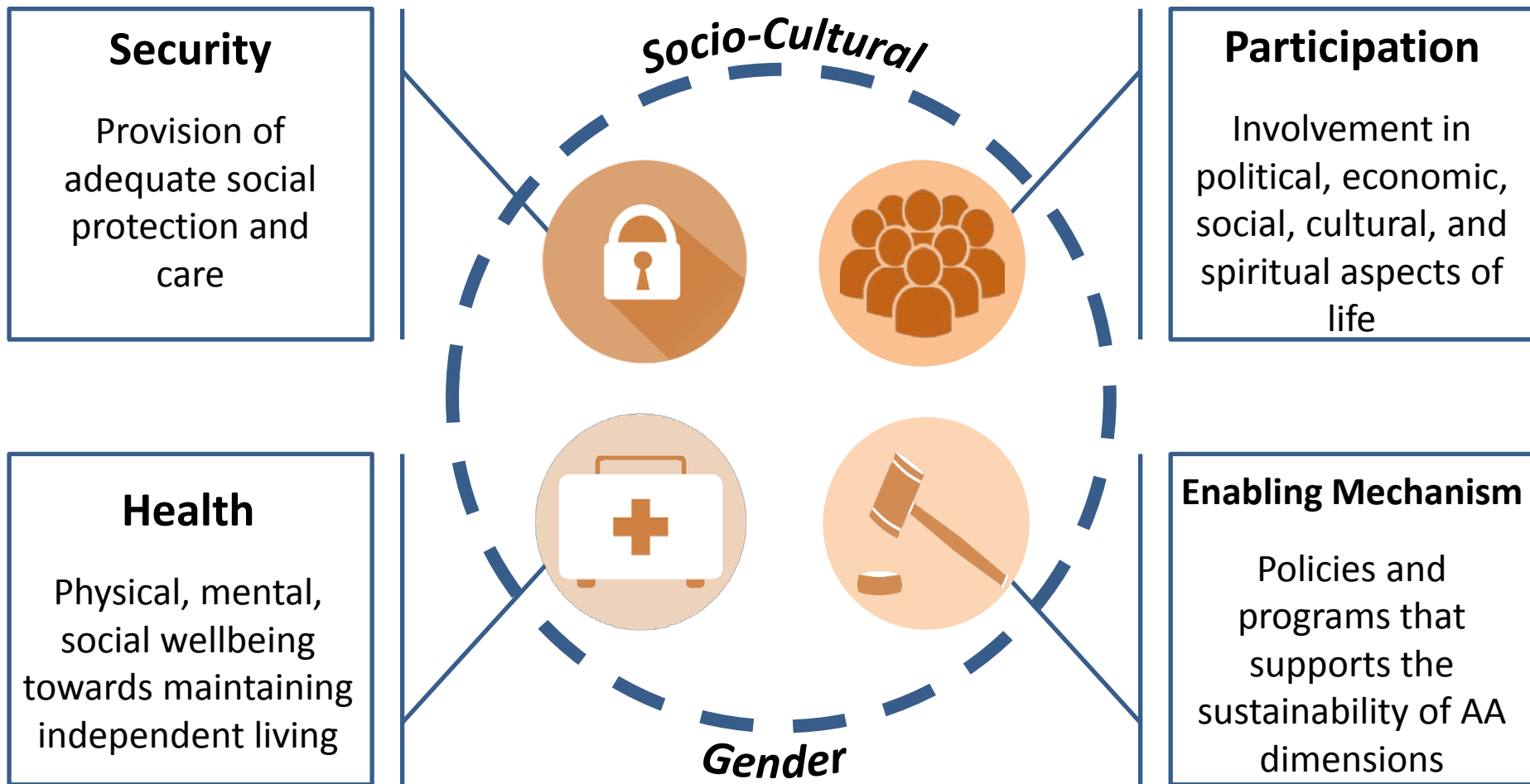


DEFINITION* OF “ASEAN Active Ageing”

*“The pursuit of meaningful personal, psychosocial, and spiritual wellbeing by older persons through the fulfillment of their right to **health, participation, and security** with the support of their family and sustained by an **enabling environment** that recognizes them as significant members of society.”*

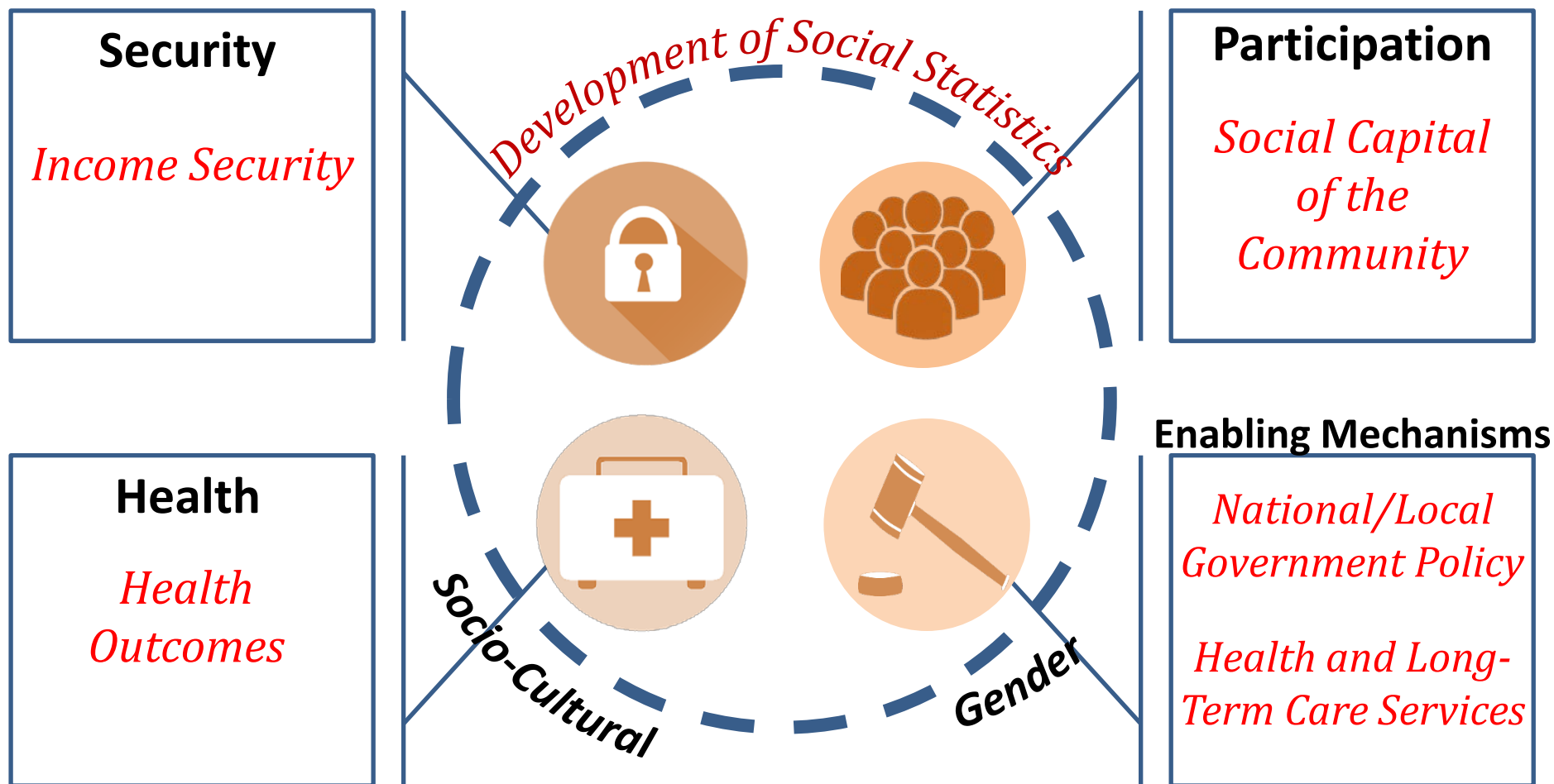


Dimensions* of ASEAN Active Ageing



*Proposed definition from the “ASEAN Active Ageing Research: Integrated Report” (DSWD, 2016)

Dimensions* of ASEAN Active Ageing vis-à-vis Healthy & Active Ageing Indicators



*Proposed definition from the “ASEAN Active Ageing Research: Integrated Report” (DSWD, 2016)



Security

Government-mandated social insurance is only available to those in the formal sector.

Qualified poor, indigent Senior Citizens are provided Social Pension worth Php 500.00 (approx. USD 10.00) per month.

However, with no other source of income due to mandatory retirement, pension received by older persons is often claimed to be inadequate.

“Financial insecurity is still a major concern for older persons, especially those in low-income groups.”



SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM



Participation



There is evidence of dwindling participation and enlistment in Older Persons Organizations, despite continued active participation and involvement of the current groups.

Cited reasons include physical incapability to attend, or even familial responsibilities (e.g. need to take care of grandchildren).

Health

Participation





Health

Non-communicable diseases like dementia and communicable diseases like tuberculosis remain as among the main challenges in maintaining health and physical functioning among Filipino senior citizens.

There exists inequity in health status and access to health services. Health service delivery involves a dual system involving the public and private sectors.

There is also inadequate residential care facilities for indigent elderly.



Enabling Mechanisms



Monitoring and Evaluation of policies and programs



Comprehensive and updated database



Strategic research on older persons



Strengthen implementation and coordination with NGAs, LGUs & other stakeholders





THANK YOU
and
MABUHAY!

